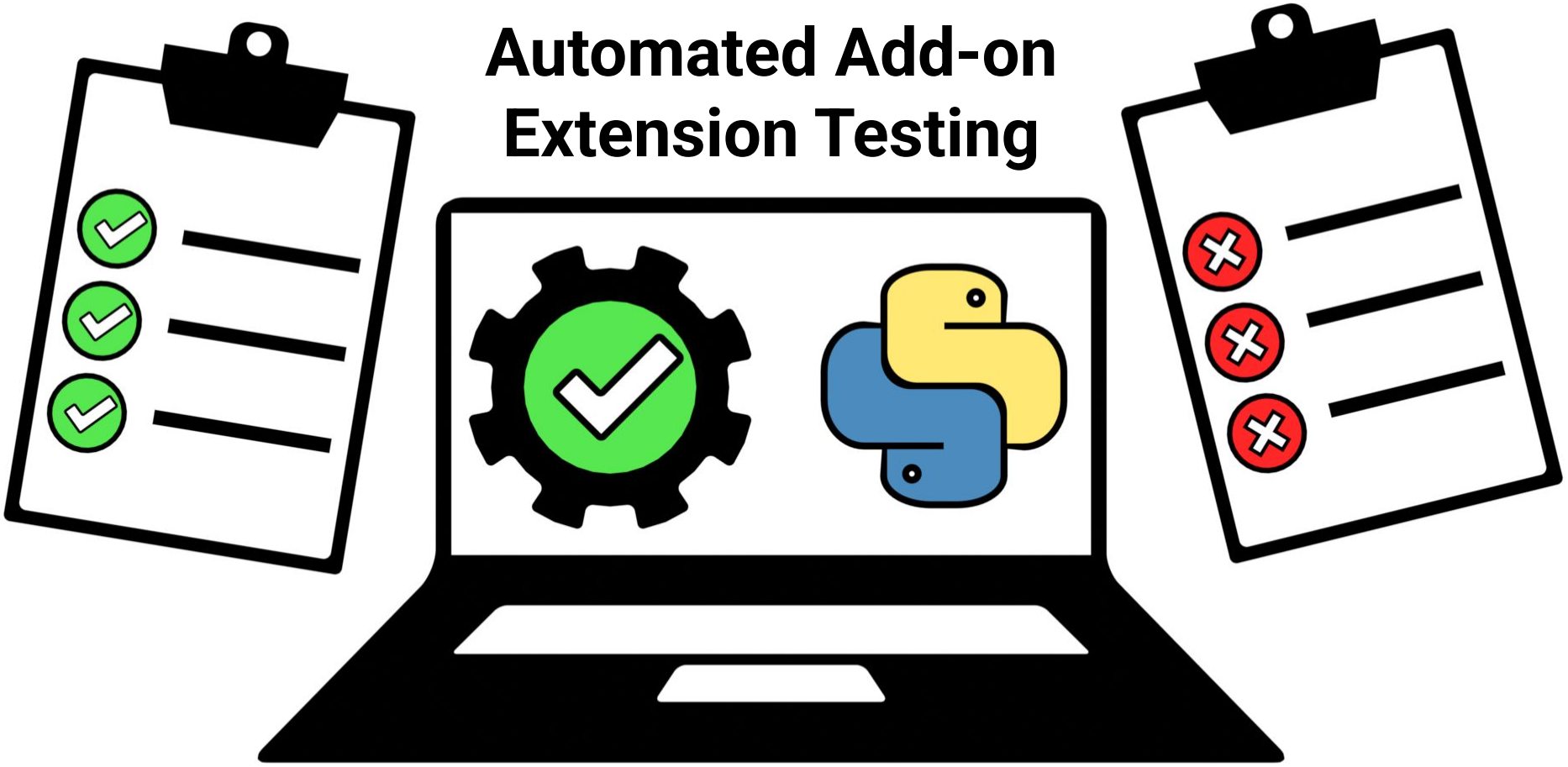
Automated Add-on Extension Testing



Spencer Magnusson

Overview

1. Benefits and the "why"
2. Designing Tests
3. Improve your Testing Workflow
4. Testing Blender without (and with) UI
5. Code demo/example (with Light Painter)

Ever had to do a hotfix?

… only to reintroduce an old bug?

Ever added a feature

… changing over a dozen files?

Or refactor all your add-on code

… without knowing it will work?

What are your options?

1. Make your add-on smaller
2. Users = testers
3. Manually test
4. Automate your testing!

Shot Matcher

nVIEW

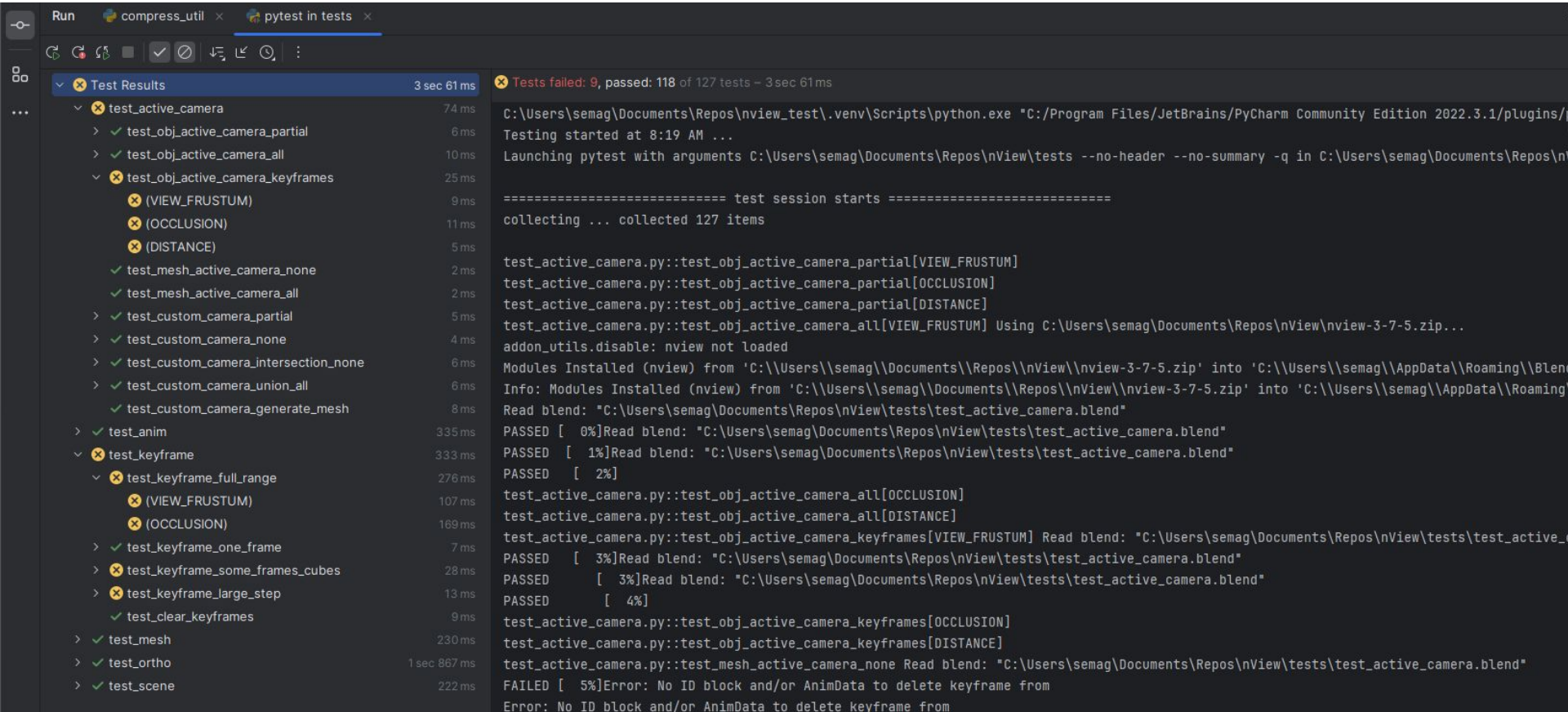
LIGHT PAINTER

Benefits of Scripted Testing

1. Consistency

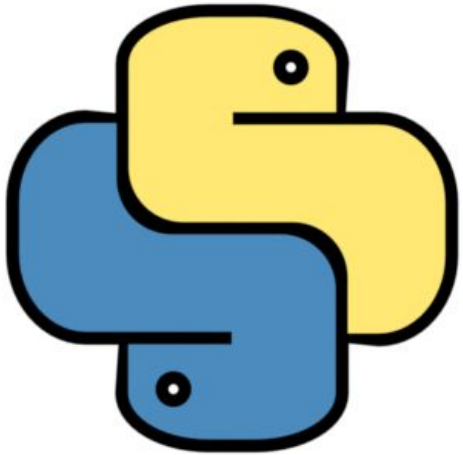
(less human error in testing)

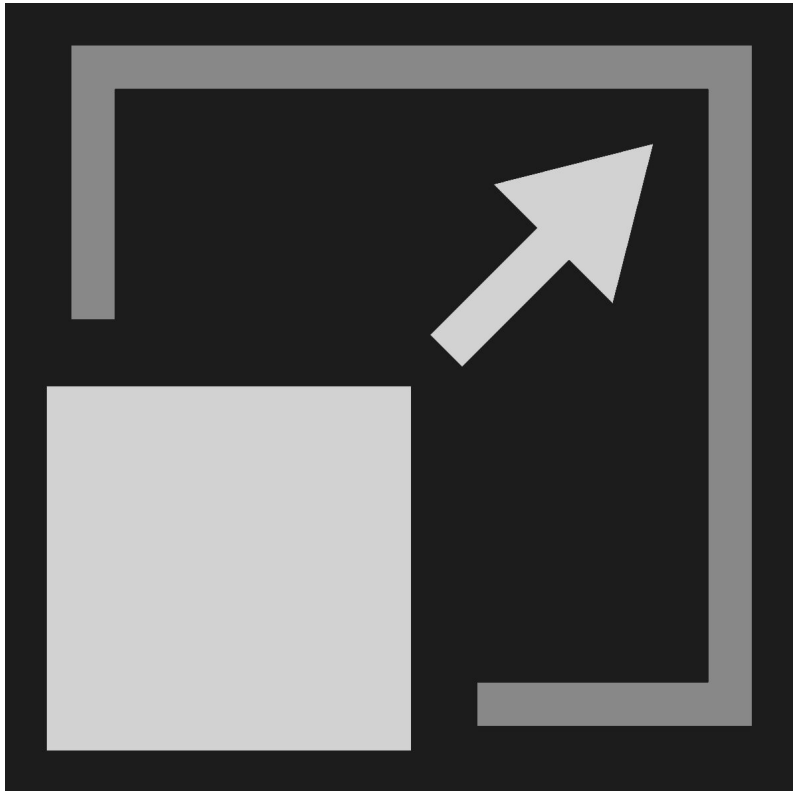
2. Fast feedback



3. Higher Quality Code

(less human error in coding)





4. Scalable*

(if you maintain your tests)

5. User Satisfaction

Jan Thastum over 4 years ago ★★★★☆

A "no brainer" for the price. Does what it should. I especially like the color ranges it picks in one go. The developer fixed compatibility with 2.9 within a day after reaching out. Stellar service.

Joe Morris over 1 year ago ★★★★★

This is absolutely the best thing ever.... I use it all the time because I work on scenes that are between 1 GB and 2 GB and trust me you can't pass this up... The industry way to do things represented by the Blender demo files, is to make scenes that only look good from the camera view, But NVEIW makes it so you could have full houses, In your scene full of props, And all your characters fully animated...with no lagging....It's a new way to work with Blender using very genius code created by an extremely competent developer!!

Designing Tests

1. Installation (non-extensions and extensions)
2. Accessing properties
3. Operators
4. Non-Blender packages (executables, libraries)
5. Don’t forget uninstallation!

Other Types of Tests

Bugs

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```python
def test_import_relative_only():
    """Prevents nViewAddon subfolder being referenced in an import line."""
    import os
    from pathlib import Path

    import addon_utils
    addon_module = next(m for m in addon_utils.modules() if m.__name__ == 'nview')
    installation_folder = Path(addon_module.__file__).parent
    print(installation_folder)
    for root, dirs, files in os.walk(installation_folder):
        if 'tests' in root:
            continue
        for file in files:
            if file.endswith('.py'):
                full_path = os.path.join(root, file)
                with open(full_path, 'r') as filestream:
                    text = filestream.read()
                    if text.__contains__('from nView') or text.__contains__('import nView'):
                        assert False, f'nview import at "{full_path}"'
```

```python
def test_object_handle_no_camera(context, ops):
    ops.object.select_all(action='DESELECT')
    context.scene.objects['Camera'].select_set(True)
    ops.object.delete()  # deletes camera
    ops.object.select_all(action='SELECT')

    with pytest.raises(RuntimeError):
        ops.semagnum_nview.select()

    with pytest.raises(RuntimeError):
        ops.semagnum_nview.obj_visibility()

    with pytest.raises(RuntimeError):
        ops.semagnum_nview.col_visibility()

    with pytest.raises(RuntimeError):
        ops.semagnum_nview.obj_mask()
```

Input validation

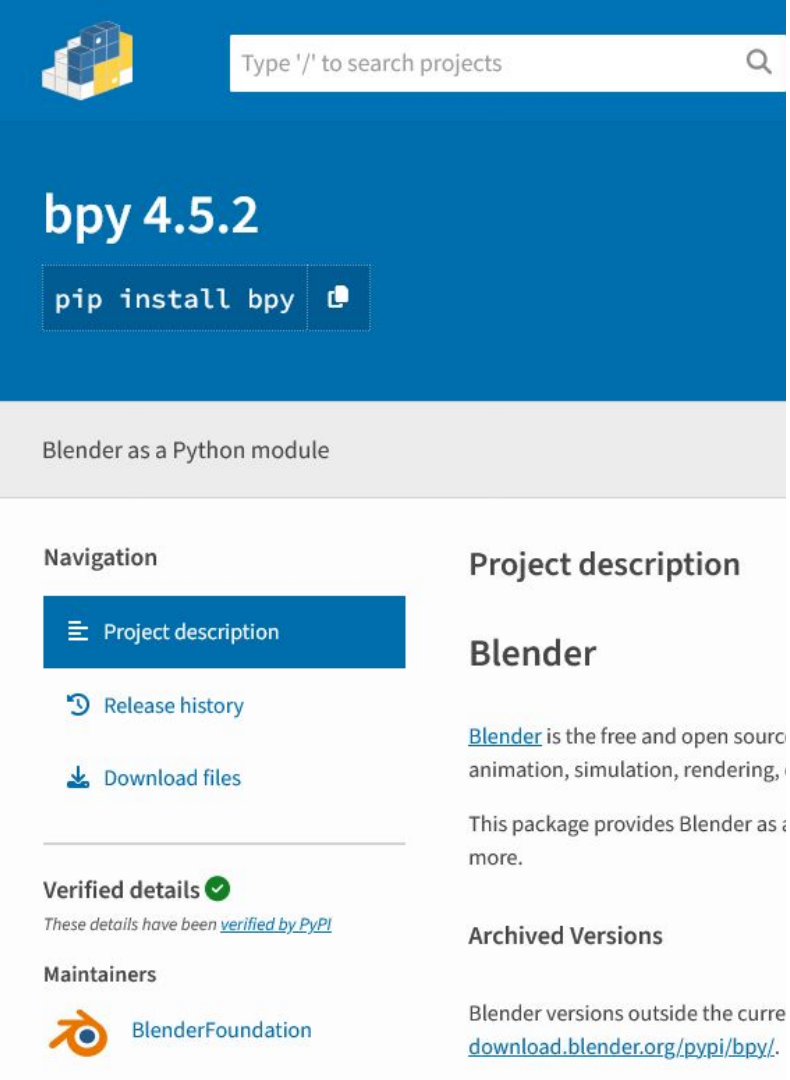
Load/Performance Testing

```
def test_performance(context, ops):
    import functools
    import timeit

    run = functools.partial(
        ops.semagnum_nview.select,
        object_algorithm=OCCLUSION_OPTION,
        tile_size=2,
    )

    LIMIT_IN_SECONDS = 10.0
    seconds_elapsed = timeit.timeit(run, number=10)
    assert seconds_elapsed < LIMIT_IN_SECONDS, f'Elapsed time: {seconds_elapsed} > {LIMIT_IN_SECONDS}, run faster!'
```

Testing with Blender



Blender Python Module

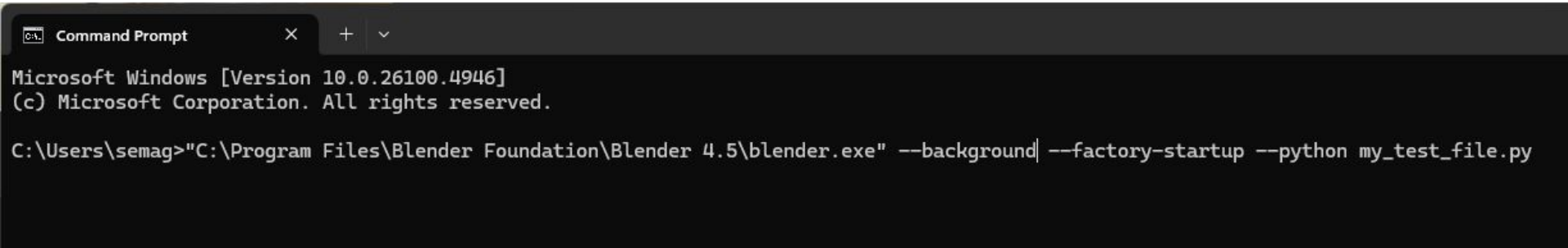
Options:

- Build from source code (using `make bpy`)
- Install with `pip`
- Download from pypi.org

Blender executable

Using the command line:

- `--background` (no UI)
- `--python <python_file>`
- `--factory-startup` (optional)



Testing Frameworks

Improve Your Testing Workflow

Use .blend files

```python
@pytest.fixture
def ops():
    import bpy
    import os
    path = os.path.join(os.path.dirname(__file__), TEST_FILE)
    bpy.ops.wm.open_mainfile(filepath=path)

    for cube_name in cube_names:
        obj = get_obj_by_name(bpy.context, cube_name)
        obj.select_set(True)

    return bpy.ops
```

Fixtures

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```python
@pytest.fixture
def context():
    import bpy
    return bpy.context
```

57 usages (1 dynamic) Spencer Magnusson
```python
@pytest.fixture
def ops():
    import bpy
    import os
    path = os.path.join(os.path.dirname(__file__), TEST_FILE)
    bpy.ops.wm.open_mainfile(filepath=path)
    select_tested_objects(bpy.context)
    return bpy.ops
```

20 usages Spencer Magnusson
```python
@pytest.fixture(params=[VIEW_FRUSTUM_OPTION, OCCLUSION_OPTION, DISTANCE_OPTION])
def culling_method(request):
    return request.param
```

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```python
def test_visibility_all_objects(ops, context, culling_method):
    """Validate bounding box support on all objects."""
    ops.object.select_all(action='SELECT')

    ops.semagnum_nview.obj_visibility(visible=True, selectable=True, viewport=True, render=True,
                                      object_algorithm=culling_method, frustum_margin=1.0)
```

Setup/teardown functions

```python
class TestExtension(unittest.TestCase):

    @classmethod
    def setUpClass(cls):
        """Install extension via repository"""
        repo = str(Path(__file__).parent.parent.parent)

        import bpy
        bpy.ops.wm.read_factory_settings(use_factory_startup_app_template_only=True)

        repo_module = 'test_repo'
        new_repo = bpy.context.preferences.extensions.repos.new(
            name='Test Repo',
            module=repo_module,
            custom_directory=repo,
            source='USER'
        )
        cls.module_path = 'bl_ext.' + repo_module + '.addon_testing'
        bpy.ops.preferences.addon_enable(module=cls.module_path)

    def test_disable_enable(self):
        """Validate enabling or disabling the add-on"""
        try:
            import bpy
            bpy.ops.preferences.addon_disable(module=self.module_path)
            bpy.ops.preferences.addon_enable(module=self.module_path)
        except Exception as e:
            self.fail(str(e))
    @classmethod
    def tearDownClass(cls):
        """Disable add-on"""
        import bpy
        bpy.ops.preferences.addon_disable(module=cls.module_path)
```

Code coverage

	Stmts	Miss	Cover	Missing
nview\Constants.py	11	0	100%	
nview__init__.py	49	28	43%	19-51, 109-113, 117
nview\config.py	3	0	100%	
nview\operators__init__.py	17	2	88%	27-28
nview\operators\methods__init__.py	1	0	100%	
nview\operators\methods\material_util.py	37	10	73%	74, 80, 97, 116-117, 122-127
nview\operators\methods\mesh_backface.py	22	8	64%	36, 39-47
nview\operators\methods\mesh_frustum.py	43	1	98%	47
nview\operators\methods\mesh_main.py	85	7	92%	66, 80, 83-86, 132, 195
nview\operators\methods\mesh_occlusion.py	177	2	99%	122, 399
nview\operators\methods\object_distance.py	5	0	100%	
nview\operators\methods\object_frustum.py	47	0	100%	
nview\operators\methods\object_main.py	94	2	98%	135, 239
nview\operators\methods\object_raycast.py	200	13	94%	60-66, 95-97, 119, 293-297
nview\operators\methods\util_main.py	105	0	100%	
nview\operators\model_object.py	55	10	82%	30, 65-66, 113-122
nview\operators\op_coll.py	15	0	100%	
nview\operators\op_input.py	32	8	75%	27-36, 46
nview\operators\operator_clear_keyframes.py	24	1	96%	37
nview\operators\operator_collections.py	72	10	86%	69-79
nview\operators\operator_generate_mesh.py	105	25	76%	55-85, 95-96, 172, 185
nview\operators\operator_mesh_select.py	35	5	86%	34-38
nview\operators\operator_mesh_visibility.py	31	3	90%	34-36
nview\operators\operator_object_mask.py	72	17	76%	55-68, 75, 79, 82, 86-88
nview\operators\operator_object_select.py	40	6	85%	32-33, 43-46
nview\operators\operator_object_visibility.py	135	27	80%	116-127, 131-142, 149-151, 185, 214, 219
nview\operators\operator_reset.py	92	19	79%	67-74, 127-133, 169-173
	1604	204	87%	

```yaml
name: tests

on:
    push:
      branches: ["main"]
    pull_request:
      branches: ["*"]

jobs:
    blender:
        runs-on: ${{ matrix.os }}
        strategy:
            max-parallel: 4
            fail-fast: false
            matrix:
              version: ["4.5", "daily"]
              os: [ubuntu-latest, macos-latest, windows-latest]
        steps:
            - uses: actions/checkout@v4
            - uses: BradyAJohnston/setup-blender@v3
              with:
                version: ${{ matrix.version }}
            - name: Install in Blender
              run: |
                blender -b -P tests/python.py -- -m pip install ".[test]"
            - name: Run Tests
              run: |
                blender -b -P tests/run.py -- -vv tests --cov --cov-report=xml

            - name: Expose coverage as a CI download
              uses: actions/upload-artifact@v4
              if: matrix.os == 'ubuntu-latest' && matrix.version == '4.2.5'
              with:
                name: coverage.xml
                path: coverage.xml

            - name: Upload coverage reports to Codecov
              if: matrix.os == 'ubuntu-latest'
              uses: codecov/codecov-action@v3
```

Automate your automation

"Extensions are Coming: Rethinking add-on development by unlocking Python's full potential" - Friday, 14:30

What about testing Blender with the UI?

Event Simulation

Command line: `--enable-event-simulate`

bpy.types.Window.event_simulate(type, value, x=0, y=0, …)

Demo/Example with Light Painter

Hey, hey Spencer…

Blender has something to say…

Resources

- Add-on Testing Template
  - Codeberg
  - GitHub
  - Light Painter
- "Scripting Your First Blender Add-on" course for add-on beginners